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Will the following SELECT query list all of the tables in the INFORMATION_SCHEMA database?

If not, why? SELECT TABLE_NAME FROM INFORMATION_SCHEMA.TABLES WHERE TABLE_SCHEMA = 'INFORMATION_SCHEMA' ORDER BY TABLE_NAME

- A. Yes.
- B. No; the INFORMATION_SCHEMA database does not contain information on itself.
- C. No; the WHERE clause is incorrect. The correct field name is TABLE_SCHEMATA.
- D. No; there is no table in the INFORMATION_SCHEMA database called TABLES.

Answer: A

QUESTION NO: 2

Which of the following are some general capabilities of the mysql client program?

- A. Create and Drop databases
- B. Ping the server
- C. Create, Drop, and modify tables and indexes.
- D. Shutdown the server.
- E. Create users.
- F. Display replication server status.

Answer: A,C,E,F

QUESTION NO: 3

Suppose you have a server that has been started with the --myisam-recover option. When does the server perform the check on the MyISAM tables?

- A. Each time the server is started.
- B. Each time it encounters an error.
- C. Each time it opens the MyISAM table files.
- D. Each time the CHECK TABLE command is issued.

Answer: C

QUESTION NO: 4

Consider the following query: DELETE FROM INFORMATION_SCHEMA.TABLES WHERE table_schema = 'world' AND table_name = 'Country' What would be the result of executing this query?

- A. An error would be issued
- B. A warning would be issued
- C. The row would be deleted from the INFORMATION_SCHEMA.TABLES table, and the table Country would be dropped from the world database
- D. The row would be deleted from the INFORMATION_SCHEMA, but the table Country in the world database would be unaffected.

Answer: A

QUESTION NO: 5

Which mysqld command line option disables incoming TCP/IP connections?

- A. --Shared-memory
- B. --Memlock
- C. -- No-networking
- D. --Skip-networking

Answer: D

QUESTION NO: 6

What are some advantages of using the SHOW command rather than using the INFORMATION_SCHEMA?

- A. It is available for releases older than MySQL 5.0.
- B. It returns results quicker than using the INFORMATION_SCHEMA.
- C. Using SHOW can provide more concise information.
- D. SHOW is a feature of standard SQL, and INFORMATION_SCHEMA is aMySQL specific command.

Answer: A,C

QUESTION NO: 7

Index analysis and optimization using ANALYZE and OPTIMIZE statements should...

- A. Generally never be run manually
- B. Be run once the table reaches 100,000 rows or above
- C. Be run when more than 5% of the rows are changed by a single statement
- D. Be run when EXPLAIN SELECT shows that an inordinate amount of rows is expected to be read during query execution
- E. Be run when you suspect that a table is heavily fragmented

Answer: D,E

QUESTION NO: 8

Suppose you have a column in which most records are going to be between 30 and 32 characters. Which of the following column types would be most efficient?

- A. VARCHAR
- B. CHAR
- C. TEXT
- D. Either VARCHAR or CHAR

Answer: B

QUESTION NO: 9

Which of the following APIs/connectors are included in a MySQL distribution?

- A. Connector/J
- B. Connector/ODBC
- C. C API
- D. Connector/NET
- E. Connector/MJX

Answer: C

QUESTION NO: 10

Which of the following are some benefits of using MySQL built binaries over binaries built by yourself?

- A. They are highly optimized.
- B. They are cross-platform.
- C. Many are built using commercial compilers that produce a better quality build than with freely available compilers.

D. They will work with tools such as MySQL Administrator and MySQL Query Browser.

E. They may include libraries not available in the standard operating system library.

Answer: A,C,E

QUESTION NO: 11

Assume you compile MySQL from source and invoke configure with the following options. -withcharset= latin1 --with-extra-charsets=utf8,ucs2 Compared to a standard binary installation that

contains many more character sets, which of the following statements is/are true?

A. The compiled version will use less disk space, because only a few character sets will be

installed on disk.

B. The compiled version will use less memory, because only a few character sets will be loaded by

the server.

C. The compiled version will use less file handles, because only a few files need to be opened

when the server is started.

Answer: A,B

QUESTION NO: 12

Which of the following are true for how BTREE and HASH index types should be used for

MEMORY tables?

A. HASH index types are only for use with equality comparisions such as those using the = and

<=> operators.

B. BTREE index types are preferable for use with comparisons that do not just use equality

operators such as = and <=>

C. BTREE index types are only for use with equality comparisons such as those using the = and

<=> operators.

D. HASH index types are preferable for use with comparisons that do not just use equality

operators such as = and <=>

Answer: A,B

QUESTION NO: 13

Which of the following are some general properties of the mysqlimport client program?

A. It loads data files into tables.

5

- B. It can load files only on the server host.
- C. It provides a command-line interface to the LOAD DATA INFILE.
- D. It can load files both on the client and server host.
- E. It bypasses the server and writes directly to the corresponding data files.

Answer: A,C,D

QUESTION NO: 14

Which of the following statements are true?

- A. InnoDB supports Foreign Keys.
- B. MyISAM supports Foreign Keys.
- C. InnoDB supports cascaded DELETE statements.
- D. MyISAM supports cascaded DELETE statements.
- E. InnoDB supports cascaded UPDATE statements.
- F. MyISAM supports cascaded UPDATE statements.

Answer: A,C,E

QUESTION NO: 15

In a standard MySQL installation which of following files are stored below the data directory?

- A. Format files for all the tables
- B. Data and index files for MyISAM tables
- C. InnoDB tablespace files
- D. General server logs
- E. MySQL upgrade script files

Answer: A,B,C,D

QUESTION NO: 16

Which of the following statements is true for mysqldump?

- A. It can dump data only on remote servers.
- B. It can dump data only on the local server.
- C. It can dump data on both local and remote servers.

Answer: C

Which of the following best describes the scope of explicitly and implicitly set locks?

- A. Explicitly set locks may span several commands.
- B. Implicitly set locks may span several commands.
- C. Implicitly set locks will span only one statement or transaction.
- D. Explicitly set locks will span only one statement or transaction.

Answer: A,B,C

QUESTION NO: 18

MySQL is a multi-threaded database server. Every connection to the database server is handled by it's own thread.

A. True

B. False

Answer: A

QUESTION NO: 19

Which of the following are true regarding the table cache?

- A. It is used to cache row data in open tables
- B. It holds file descriptors for open tables
- C. The size of the table cache may be set per-session
- D. Each connection has its own table cache. They are of equal size, set globally.
- E. There is one table cache, shared among all sessions.
- F. Increasing the size of the variabletable_cache allows mysqld to keep more tables open simultaneously

Answer: B,E,F

QUESTION NO: 20

The ANALYZE TABLE command should be used...

- A. When you need to find out why a query is taking a long time to execute.
- B. To improve performance by updating index distribution statistics.
- C. After large amounts of table data have changed.
- D. To check a tables structure to see if it may have been damaged and needs repair.

Answer: B,C

QUESTION NO: 21

Which of the following statements are true regarding the InnoDB storage engine?

- A. It usesmultiversioning to isolate transactions.
- B. It is not possible for deadlocks to occur.
- C. It does not isolate transactions.
- D. It is possible for deadlocks to occur.

Answer: A,D

QUESTION NO: 22

What are some properties of using LOCK TABLE?

- A. Less work is required by the server to acquire and release locks.
- B. It can only be used with the MyISAM storage engine.
- C. Using LOCK TABLE sometimes decreases the amount disk reads and writes needed for a group of statements.
- D. All tables must be locked in a single statement.
- E. It creates more disk activity.

Answer: A,C,D

QUESTION NO: 23

mysqldump can be instructed to include commands to drop and recreate tables before trying to create or load data.

- A. True
- B. False

Answer: A

Which of the following are requirements for MyISAM binary portability?

- A. Both machines must use the same operating system.
- B. Database and table names must use lowercase format.
- C. Both machines must use IEEE floating-point format or contain no floating-point columns.
- D. Both machines must usetwo's-complement integer arithmetic.

Answer: C,D

QUESTION NO: 25

Another user has issued the statement LOCK TABLE pets FOR WRITE You can...

- A. Update table pets
- B. SELECT from table pets
- C. Update and SELECT from table pets
- D. None of the above

Answer: D

QUESTION NO: 26

Which of the following actions are performed during an RPM installation of the MySQL server package?

- A. Setup amysql user
- B. Setup amysql group
- C. Initialize the data directory
- D. Setup passwords for all default accounts.

Answer: A,B,C

QUESTION NO: 27

Which of the following steps should be taken to restore an InnoDB table to a consistent state without having to shutdown the server?

- A. Run the REPAIR TABLE command.
- B. Dump the table withmysqldump, drop the table then re-create from the dump file.
- C. Run the CHECK TABLE command.

D. Dump the table withmysqlhotcopy, drop the table then re-create with the backup file.

Answer: B

QUESTION NO: 28

Which of the following best describes why table locking is often not desirable compared to page or row locking?

- A. Table locks can have deadlocks.
- B. Table locks create concurrency issues.
- C. Table locks prevent other clients from making any changes to the table until released.
- D. Table locks can cause data corruption issues if more than one client tries to make changes while locked.

Answer: B,C

QUESTION NO: 29

Which of the following statements are true regarding table locks?

- A. They can only be released by the client holding them.
- B. They can be released by other connections than the client holding them.
- C. They are implicitly released when the connection is closed.
- D. They are not released when the connection is closed

Answer: A,C

QUESTION NO: 30

Which of the following correctly defines dirty reads, non-repeatable readsand phantom row?

- A. A dirty read is a read by one transaction of uncommitted changes made by another transaction.
- B. A dirty read is a read by one transaction of its uncommitted changes.
- C. A non-repeatable read occurs when a transaction performs the sameretreival twice but gets a different result each time.
- D. A non-repeatable read is a row that appears where it was not visible before.
- E. A phantom is a row that appears where it was not visible before.
- F. A phantom is a read by one transaction of uncommitted changes made by another transaction.

Answer: A,C,E

Which of the following statements are true for MyISAM tables?

A. By default, write requests (such as UPDATE and DELETE statements) take priority over read

requests (such as SELECT statements).

B. By default, read requests (such as SELECT statements) take priority over write requests (such

as UPDATE and DELETE statements).

C. With the LOW_PRIORITY option, a write request will wait for any other read request to finish.

D. With the LOW_PRIORITY option, a read request will wait for any other write request to finish.

E. With the HIGH_PRIORITY option, a read request will be moved ahead of other requests waiting

to be executed.

Answer: A,C,E

QUESTION NO: 32

Which of the following best describes how MySQL utilizes the grant table buffers?

A. The grant table buffer loads grant table information into memory for fast access.

B. The grant table buffer loads what users are currently logged in and performing queries.

C. The grant table buffer holds requests waiting to check the grant table to perform access control

Answer: A

QUESTION NO: 33

Which of the following is true for the command-line programs mysqlcheck and myisamchk?

A. Mysqlcheck must run on the server to perform checks and repairs and myisamchk can perform

checks and repairs on a remote server.

B. Mysqlcheck can perform checks and repairs on a remote server, and myisamchk must run on

the server.

C. Bothmysqlcheck and myisamchk can perform checks and repairs on a remote server.

D. Neithermysqlcheck or myisamchk can perform checks and repairs on a remote server.

Answer: B

QUESTION NO: 34

11

Which of the following correctly describes the differences between explicitly and implicitly set locks?

- A. Implicitly set locks are locks set and released on behalf of the client, by the server.
- B. Explicitly set locks are locks set and released on behalf of the client, by the server.
- C. Implicitly set locks are locks acquired and released by the client.
- D. Explicitly set locks are locks acquired and released by the client.

Answer: A,D

QUESTION NO: 35

Which of the following storage engines cannot be disabled?

- A. InnoDB
- B. MyISAM
- C. FEDERATED
- D. MEMORY
- E. MERGE

Answer: B,D,E

QUESTION NO: 36

The CHECK TABLE command should be used...

- A. To make sure a table has no structural problems.
- B. To find out why a query takes a long time to execute on a given table.
- C. To make sure that no table data are corrupted.
- D. To improve performance by updating index distribution statistics onInnoDB tables.
- E. To repair table structure problems.

Answer: A,C

QUESTION NO: 37

Suppose you want queries that are not using indexes to be logged to the slow log. How would you enable this?

- A. Use the --log-queries-indexes option.
- B. Use the --log-slow-queries-indexes option.